JAXA's Activities for Planetary Defense

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JAXA's activities for planetary defense

Planetary defense team has been established in April 2024.

Observations

- NEO observation at Bisei Spaceguard Center (BSGC)
- Discovery of high-speed moving objects by new NEO search method

Space Missions

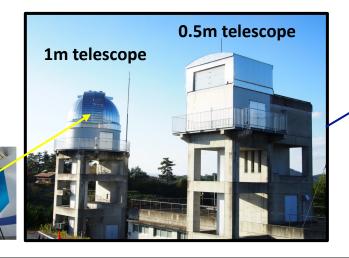
- Past & current : Hayabusa, Hayabusa2, Hayabusa2 extended mission
- Future : DESTINY⁺, Next Generation Sample Return mission
- Participation in ESA's Hera mission
- RAMSES collaboration: technical feasibility study

International activities

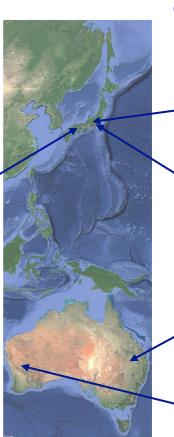
• SMPAG, IAWN, PDC, Asteroid Day

Asteroid observations in JAXA

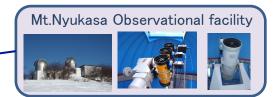
Bisei Spacegurad Center (BSGC)(Space Tracking and Communications Center)



- Built in 2000 and owned by the Japan Space Forum, it was transferred to JAXA in April 2017.
- The observation work is carried out by the Japan Spaceguard Association (NPO).
- Observation targets: Space debris, NEO (asteroids)



Observation facility of Research and Development Directorate





Remote observation site at Siding Spring Observatory





Remote observation site at Zadko Observatory



NEO missions of JAXA



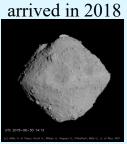
Hayabusa2 (2014-2020)

Hayabusa2# (2020~)

arrived in 2005









flyby in 2026 Rendezvous in 2031

2

Itokawa S-type, 530m

Ryugu C-type, 1000m

Torifune S-type, 500m?

1998 KY26 30m?

Hera (ESA)

JAXA provided TIRI.

Target: Didymos, Dimorphos Launch 2024, arrival 2026

DESTINY+

Target: Phaethon

Launch 2028, flyby 2030

Next Generation small body Sample Return mission

Target: comets Launch 2030'

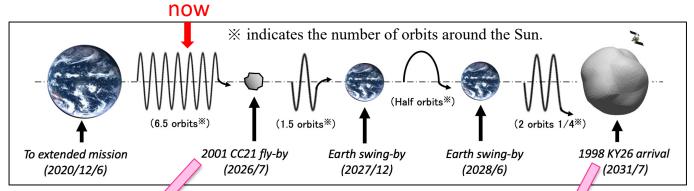
(Image credit: JAXA / A. Ikeshita)

Hayabusa2 Extended mission: Hayabusa2#

HAYABUSA2

(SHARP): Small Hazardous Asteroid Reconnaissance Probe

After Hayabusa2 returned the sample of Ryugu in Dec. 2020, we extended the mission for two more targets, (98943) Torifune (2001 CC21) and 1998 KY26.



(Image credit: JAXA)



Relative velocity: 5km/s

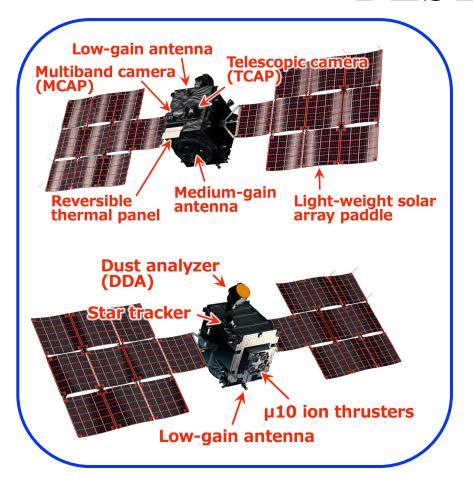
High accuracy navigation is necessary.



Asteroid size : ~30m (spin period : ~11 min)

The collision probability of such asteroids with the Earth is once in 100~200 years.

DESTINY⁺



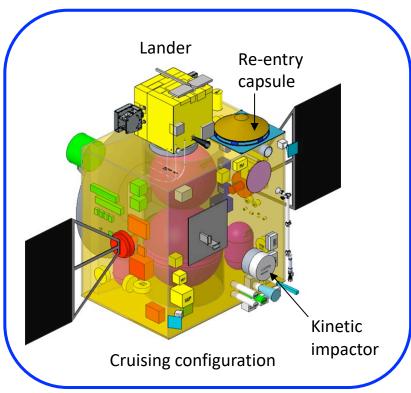
- <u>Phaethon</u> flyby mission (Parent body of Geminid)
- Technology demonstration and science observation
- Very high-speed flyby : 36km/s
- Closest distance: 500±50 km
- Scince: dust measurement
- Launch: in fiscal year of 2028 by H3 Launch Vehicle
- Phaethon flyby: in 2030

(Information : by H. Imamura)

NGSR

Next Generation small body Sample Return mission

Concept Study



- Target : short-period comets 289P/Blanpain (nominal), 252P, 15P
- Schedule: Lauch 2034, Arrival 2040, Earth return 2046
- Spacecraft : multi-craft system
 - Deep Space Orbital Transfer Vehicle (DSOTV)for the round-trip deep-space travel
 - -Lander for sample collection
 - -Small probes (Kinetic impactor, Mini LND, ...)

Contribution to Hera

ESA Hera

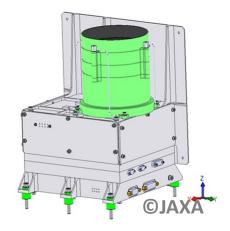


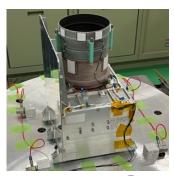
©ESA

Launch: Oct. 7th, 2024, 14:52 (UTC)

Arrival at Didymos – Dimorphos : Dec. 2026

• JAXA provided a thermal infrared imager (TIRI) to Hera.





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