

# Solar Orbiter Archive: New Features – Python/TAP/TOPCAT Access and Docs



M. Cruz<sup>1</sup>, J. Cook<sup>1</sup>, H. Perez<sup>1</sup>, A. Carasa<sup>1</sup>, A. Andres<sup>1</sup>, A. Trejo<sup>1</sup>, L. Masselos<sup>1</sup>, V. Olmedo<sup>1</sup>  
A. Masson<sup>2</sup>, H. Middleton<sup>2</sup>, R. Bhatawdekar<sup>2</sup> and J. Oliveira<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>STARION Group for ESA, <sup>2</sup>European Space Agency, <sup>3</sup>Telespazio for ESA



## Overview



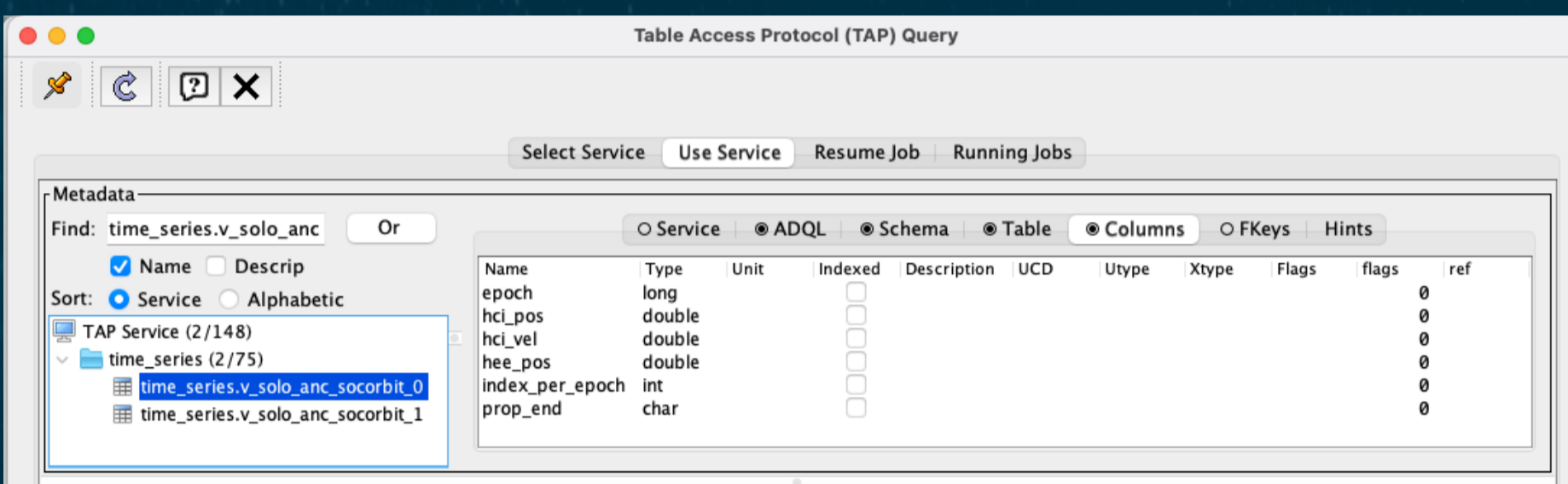
The ESAC Science Data Centre (ESDC) plays a crucial role in **preserving and providing long-term access to data** from all ESA space science missions. Recent enhancements to the **Solar Orbiter Archive (SOAR)** aim to provide researchers with more intuitive and powerful tools for data access. These updates include the ability to **search data by solar distance** and utilize **Field of View (FoV) tables**. The contents of the Solar Orbiter mission orbit file have been ingested and is available via our standard **TAP** interface. This allows users to search a rich set of metadata based on Distance and Latitude. Integration with commonly used tools like Python, TOPCAT, and SunPy has further streamlined data access and interoperability. The **redesigned help page** demonstrates how to interact with these data and includes new tutorials and instrument documentation.



## Orbit File

**CDF orbit file** provides detailed information about the spacecraft's trajectory and position in space over time.

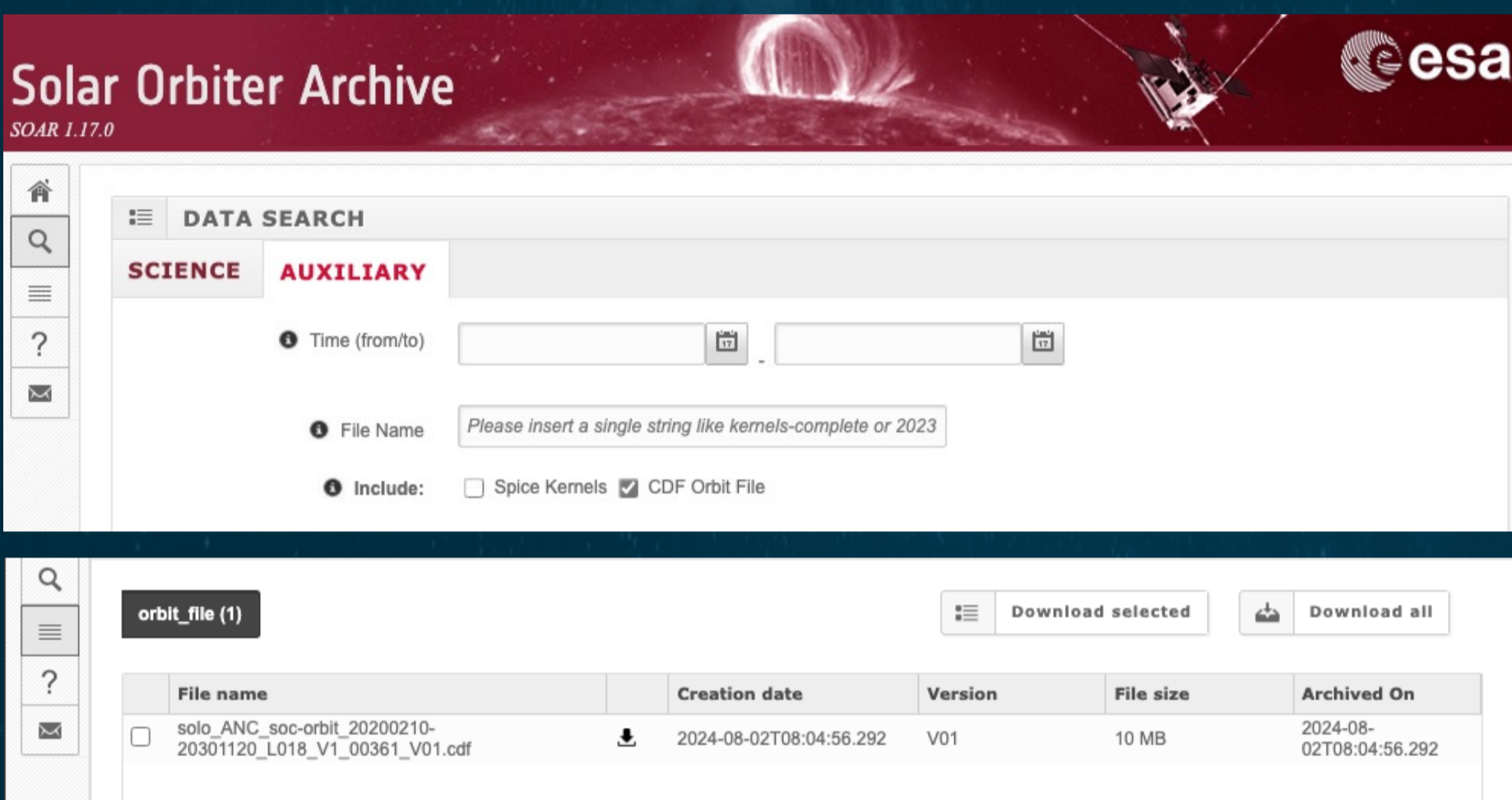
Metadata accessible via **TAP**:



Epoch and Heliocentric distance can be extracted as:

```
https://soar.esac.esa.int/soar-sl-tap/tap/sync?REQUEST=doQuery&LANG=ADQL&FORMAT=JSON&PHASE=RUN&QUERY=SELECT+epoch,hcentric_dist+FROM+time_series_v_solo_anc_socorbit_1
```

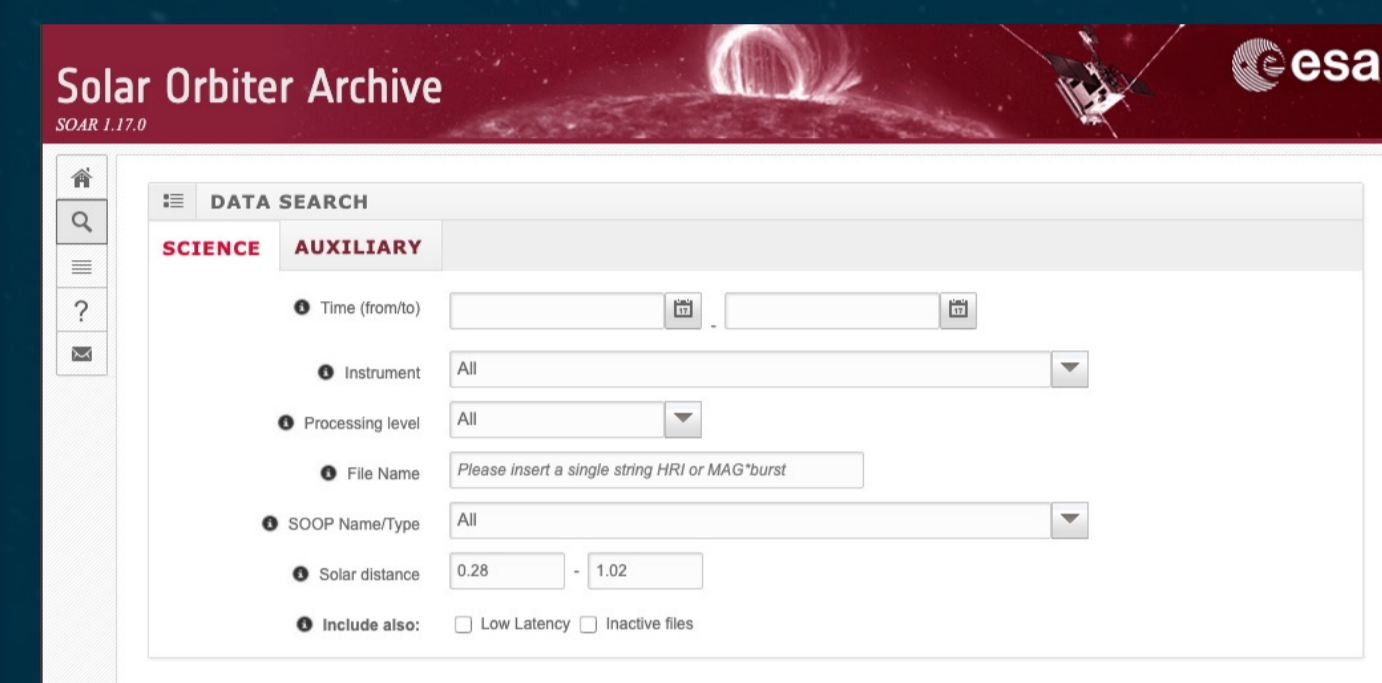
Data accessible via **web interface**:



## Solar Distance

**Solar distance** refers to the distance between the spacecraft and the Sun expressed in Astronomical Units (au). Includes perihelion (0.28 au) and aphelion passes (1.02 au).

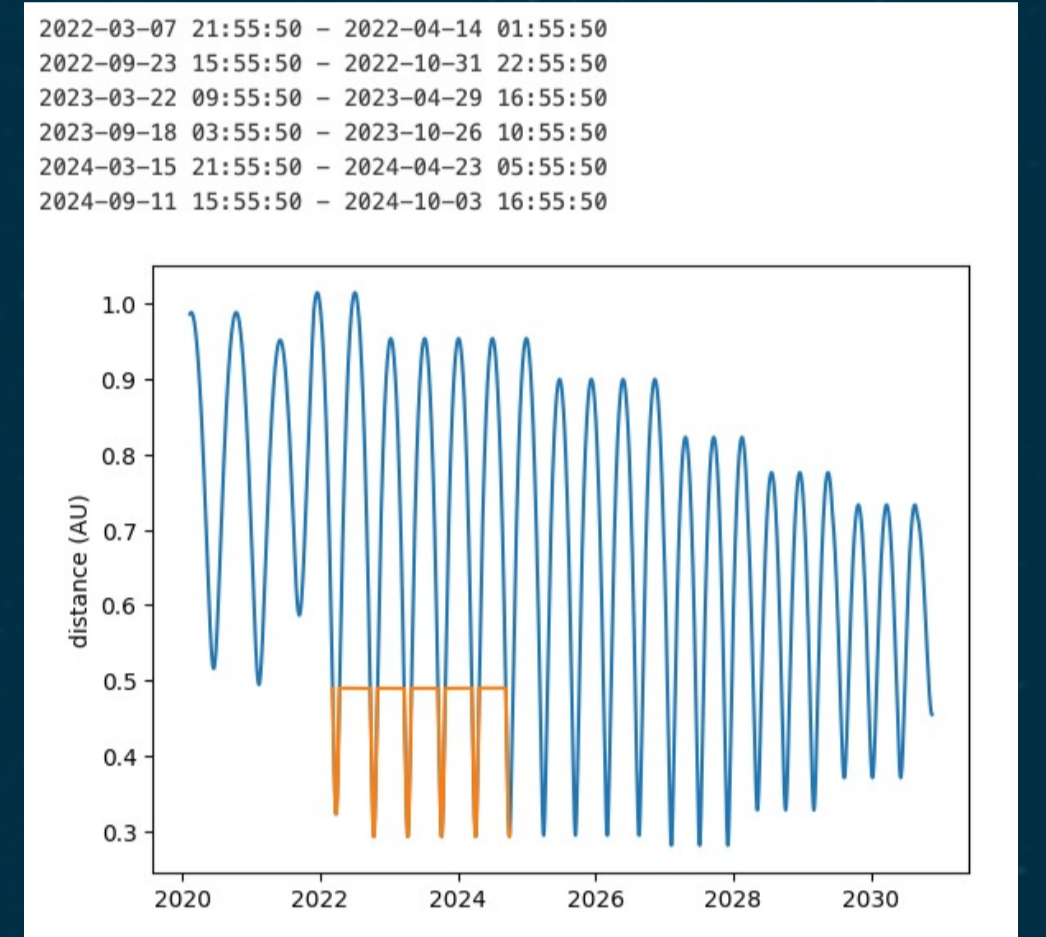
New search option in the **web interface** to retrieve data between a minimum and maximum solar distance.



Get the EPOCH and Heliocentric distance directly via **TAP** instead of downloading a CDF file, and easily plot and extract time intervals using a DataFrame for a given solar distance

```
min_dist = 0.28
max_dist = 0.49

df = pd.DataFrame(data, columns=column_names)
df = pd.DataFrame(
    {
        "epoch": t,
        "datetime": cdf.lib.cdfepoch.to_datetime(t),
        "distance_km": d,
        "distance_au": d/AU
    }
)
cond1 = df['distance_au'] <= max_dist
cond2 = df['distance_au'] >= min_dist
```



Use of **sunny-soar** – A SunPy affiliated package that integrates with Fido to search for Solar Orbiter data using solar distance attributes from the Solar Orbiter Archive.

```
import astropy.units as u
import sunny.net.attrs as a
from sunny.net import Fido
import sunny_soar # NOQA: F401

instrument = a.Instrument("EUI")
time = a.Time("2022-10-29 05:00:00", "2022-10-29 06:00:00")
level = a.Level(2)
detector = a.Detector("HRI_EUV")
distance = a.soar.Distance(0.45 * u.AU, 0.46 * u.AU)

result = Fido.search(instrument & level & detector & distance)
result
```

1442 Results from the SOARClient:  
QueryResponseTable length=1442

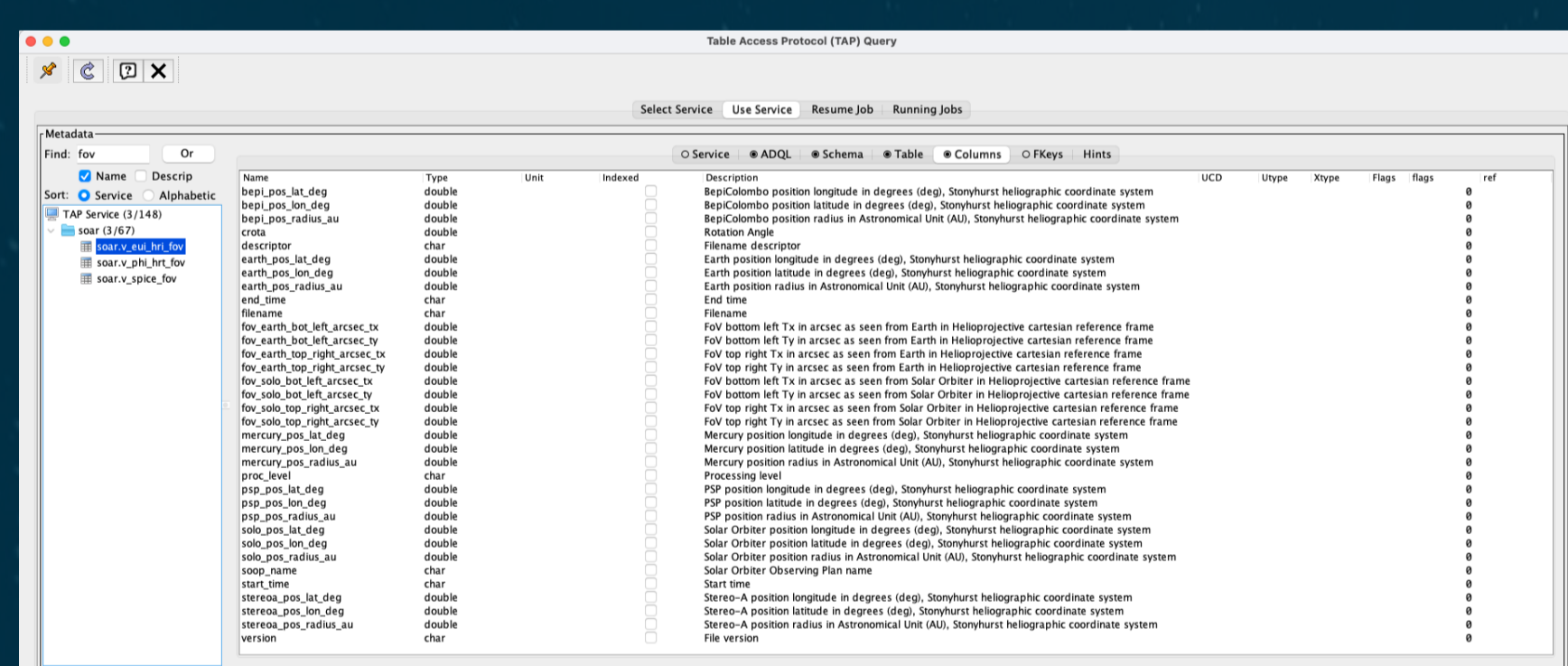
Instrument	Data product	Level	Start time	End time	Filesize	SOOP Name	Detector	Wavelength
str3	str19	str2	str23	str3	float64	str48	str7	float64
EUI	hriuv174-image	L2	2022-10-29 05:00:00.231	2022-10-29 05:00:01.881	5.558	R_SMALL_HRES_HCADC_Atmospheric-Dynamics-Structure	HRI_EUV	174.0
EUI	hriuv174-image	L2	2022-10-29 05:00:00.231	2022-10-29 05:00:01.881	5.558	R_SMALL_HRES_HCADC_Atmospheric-Dynamics-Structure	HRI_EUV	174.0
EUI	hriuv174-image	L2	2022-10-29 05:00:05.221	2022-10-29 05:00:06.871	5.532	R_SMALL_HRES_HCADC_Atmospheric-Dynamics-Structure	HRI_EUV	174.0

## Field of View

Solar Orbiter has two telescopes and one instrument onboard that target a certain portion of the Sun in high resolution, i.e. within a **Field of View (FoV)**

FoV tables have been extracted from each HRI, HRT and SPICE file. These tables can be accessed via **TAP** and includes

EUI HRI | PHI HRT | SPICE



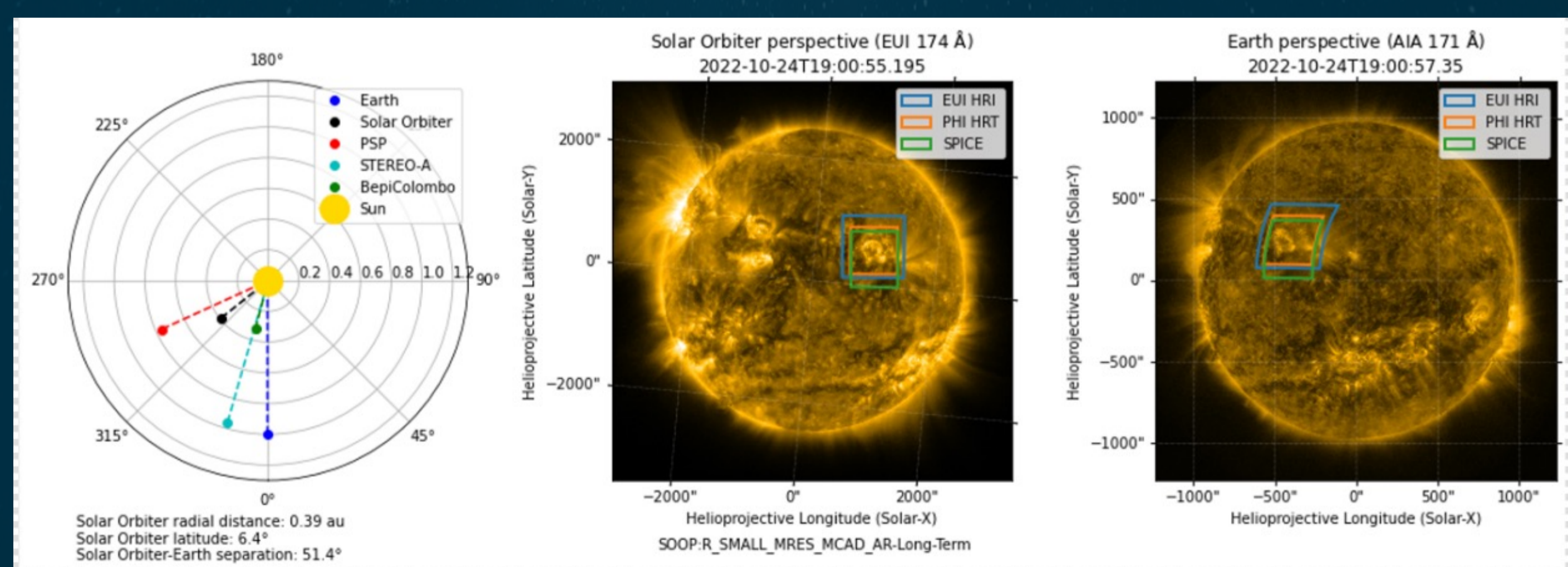
- FoV in arcsec from a Solar Orbiter perspective.
- FoV in arcsec from an Earth perspective.
- Position of Solar Orbiter, PSP, Bepi, STEREO-A.
- Positions of Earth and Mercury.

The following queries can be used to access the FoV tables and plot SOAR and Earth based views with help of sunpy.

```
service = vo.dal.TAPService("https://soar.esac.esa.int/soar-sl-tap/tap")
fits_item_resultset = service.search("SELECT * FROM soar_v_eui_sc_fits WHERE filename='solo_L2_eui-fs174-image_20221024T190050195_V01.fits'")
first_item = fits_item_resultset[0]
fsl_obs_date = first_item["date_averaged"]

fov_eui_resultset = service.search("SELECT * FROM soar_v_eui_hrt_fov WHERE filename='solo_L2_eui-hrtuv174-image_20221024T190050195_V01.fits'")
fov_phi_resultset = service.search("SELECT * FROM soar_v_phi_hrt_fov WHERE filename='solo_L2_phi-hrt-blos_20221024T191503_V01.fits'")
fov_splice_resultset = service.search("SELECT * FROM soar_v_splice_fov WHERE filename='solo_L2_splice-n-ras_20221024T190134_V05_150995305-058.fits'")
```

Three **different perspectives**: Location of Solar Orbiter and related helio missions; Sun from a Solar Orbiter perspective; Sun from an Earth perspective at the same time [as observed by SDO].



## SunPy Access to SOAR Data and Metadata

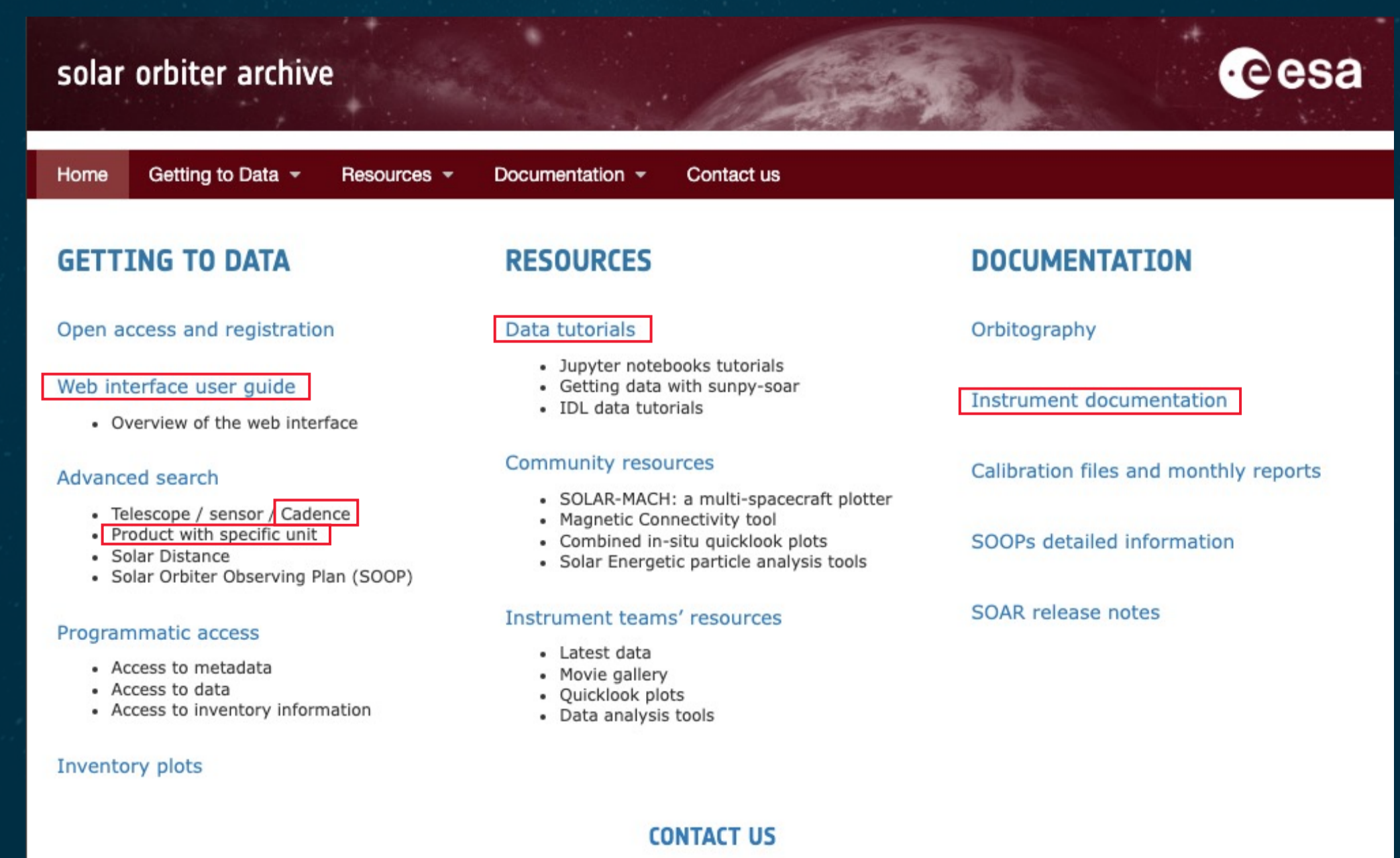
Search by instrument, detector name, distance to the Sun and Solar Orbiter Observing Plan name using SunPy Fido:

```
a.soar.Product ----- Name of data product, you can also type print(a.soar.Product)
                        e.g. epd_ept_asun_burst_ion_eui_fsi174_image_stix_q1_lightcurve
a.soar.Distance ----- Distance of Solar Orbiter to the Sun, e.g. you want data only when
                        Solar Orbiter is < 0.5AU e.g. a.Distance(0.3*u.AU, 0.5*u.AU)
a.soar.SOOP ----- Name of the specific SOOP you are interested in e.g. nanoflare SOOP
                        e.g. a.soar.SOOP.r_both_hres_hcad_nanoflares
```

## Help Page

<https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/soar>

- Points in red have been redesigned:
- Each Solar Orbiter Instrument provides a Data Product Description Document (DPDD).
- The web interface user guide is up-to-date to include detailed navigation steps.
- Guidance on how to search by cadence for MAG, EPD, SWA 3D and PAD with units.
- Added data tutorials such as finding time intervals when searching by distance, examples with sunny-soar and more.



## CONTACT INFO

Mikel Cruz Ruiz  
[mikel.cruz@ext.esa.int](mailto:mikel.cruz@ext.esa.int)



European Space Astronomy Centre (ESAC)  
Camino Bajo del Castillo s/n  
28692 Villanueva de la Cañada, Madrid, Spain



ESAC Science Data Centre  
<https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/esdc>

